



What Do You Know?

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- Which was NOT a problem faced by most American factory workers in the late 19th century?
 - boring, repetitive tasks
 - periodic unemployment
 - long hours and low wages
 - demanding hiring requirements

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- The certificate on the left was issued in 1919. What was the primary goal of the organization that issued this certificate?
 - to obtain better conditions for workers in its affiliate unions
 - to assist in the transition from a capitalist to a socialist society
 - to help cigar workers obtain better housing and U.S. citizenship
 - to replace individual labor unions with a single union for all workers



3. The drawing on the left was published in England in 1894.

Which ideology was most similar to the ideology identified in this drawing?

- A. capitalism
B. imperialism
C. Communism
D. Social Darwinism

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4. The flier on the left appeared on May 4, 1886.

Based on the flier, which conclusion can be made about the Haymarket Riot?

- A. The protesters intended to overthrow the U.S. government.
B. The protesters were members of the American Federation of Labor.
C. The rally was held in support of the Homestead and Pullman strikes.
D. A large number of the participants were German-speaking immigrants.

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5. The picture below depicts the Haymarket Riot in May 1886.



Based on the picture, which sentence best describes the viewpoint of the artist?

- A. The police were largely responsible for the violence.
B. The lives of women and children were endangered.
C. The protestors' demands were largely justified.
D. The protestors were prepared to use violence.

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6. Which tactic was sometimes used by management to resist the demands of labor?

- A. strike
B. boycott
C. lockout
D. picket line

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7. What was an important consequence of the Haymarket Riot?

- A. decline of the Knights of Labor
B. rally of public opinion in favor of workers
C. victory of workers in the Homestead Strike
D. break up of the American Federation of Labor

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8. The timeline below shows events from the early American labor movement.

1869: Formation of Knights of Labor

1881: Formation of future American Federation of Labor

1892: ?

1869**1881****1886****1892****1894**

1886: Haymarket Riot

1894: Pullman Strike

Which completes the timeline by replacing the question mark?

- A. Arrest of Eugene V. Debs
- B. Collapse of American Railway Union
- C. Homestead Strike at Carnegie's steelworks
- D. Supreme Court applies antitrust laws to unions

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9. Why did government leaders generally sympathize with business owners against labor in the late 19th century?

- A. Government leaders received money from business and also believed in *laissez-faire*.
- B. Government leaders were followers of new ideologies from Europe such as socialism.
- C. Government leaders did not believe that conditions for industrial workers were all that bad.
- D. Government leaders feared violence from business owners if they took the side of workers.

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10. The newspaper on the left depicts the Homestead Strike.



What was the main cause of the event depicted in the newspaper?

- A. Andrew Carnegie had wanted to employ Civil War veterans in his steelworks.
- B. Anarchists intended to blow up Andrew Carnegie's steelworks near Pittsburgh.
- C. Andrew Carnegie and Henry Frick wanted to break up the power of the steelworkers' union.
- D. Steelworkers left their jobs to enlist as soldiers when a future war with Spain became likely.

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11. How were the Homestead and Pullman Strikes similar?

- A. Both were ended by federal court injunctions.
- B. Both were led by union organizer Eugene V. Debs.
- C. Both ended in important defeats for organized labor.
- D. Both involved armed confrontations between workers and Pinkertons.